

# Unit 2

## World languages

### Worksheet (1)

عزيزي ولي أمر الطالب،

أهداف هذه الورقة هي

- 1- استخدام بعض المفردات اللازمة للحديث عن لغات العالم.
- 2- استخدام بعض التعبيرات المستخدمة في مواقف الحياة اليومية.

Word	Meaning
artist	فنان
billion	- مليار بليون
businessman	رجل اعمال
Chinese	صيني
communicate	يتواصل
different × similar	مختلفة
hard = difficult × easy	الصعب
holy Qur'an	القرآن الكريم
leader	قائد

Word	Meaning
learn × teach	يتعلم
middle east	الشرق الأوسط
number	عدد
prepare	يعد / يحضر / يجهز
Russian	روسي
standard Arabic	اللغة العربية الفصحى
technology	تكنولوجيا
United Nations	الأمم المتحدة
change	يتغير

اقرأ الحوار ص 12 من تدريب رقم 4 لاحظ كلمات الدرس الجديدة.

Good job! Now Read the everyday English expressions. When finished read the table of country and nationality.

People speak a different Arabic in different countries.

الناس يتحدثون اللغة العربية

That's why I'm learning standard Arabic.

ولهذا السبب فأنا أتعلم اللغة العربية الفصحى.

Country	Nationality	Language
Palestine	Palestinian	Arabic
China	Chinese	Chinese
Russia	Russian	Russian
England	English	English
Britain	British	English



## Speaking

Complete the following dialogue :

أكمل الحوار التالي

world – wonderful – Arabic – English – language – Britain – Where – learn

- Omar : Hello , Ben  
 Ben : Hello , Omar.  
 Omar : ..... are you from ?  
 Ben : I'm from .....
- Omar : What ..... do people speak in Britain?  
 Ben : They speak .....
- Omar : Do you like to ..... any other language  
 Ben : Yes, I want to learn .....
- Omar : That's ..... But why Arabic?  
 Ben : Because it's a ..... language

حظاً سعيداً ☺



# Worksheet (2)

## Unit (2)

عزيزي ولي أمر الطالب

أهداف هذه الورقة هي:

قراءة النص لإجابة مجموعة من أسئلة الفهم والاستيعاب.

والآن عزيزي الطالب حاول ان تقرأ النص لتجيب على الأسئلة التي تليه :

### 1- Read the following passage and answer the questions below:-

Arabic is a world language. About 280 million people speak Arabic in the countries of the Middle East and North Africa. Many millions more around the world understand some Arabic because it is the language of the Holy Qur'an. The number of speakers of a world language is always changing because the world is changing. The number of Arabic speakers is rising every year. English is also important because people from different countries often speak English when they meet. Palestinian leaders speak English when they meet to talk about our *country*. It is the language of science and technology . About two billion people speak English in countries like Britain, the United States, Australia and India. Many more are learning it in schools all over the world.

#### (A) Tick true (✓) or false (✗). ضع علامة صح أو خطأ.

1. Arabic isn't a world language . ( )
2. People in the Middle East speak Arabic. ( )
3. The number of Arabic speakers is changing . ( )

#### (B) Answer the following questions. أجب عن الأسئلة التالية.

1. What is the language of the Holy Quran ?  
.....
2. Is English an important language ?  
.....

#### (C) Read again and find the following in the text : اقرأ النص مرة أخرى وجد من النص

Word		Opposite
similar	×	.....
falling	×	.....

Word		Meaning
as	=	.....
too	=	.....

(D) The underlined pronouns refer to : it .....

(E) The best title for the passage is .....



# Worksheet (3)

## Unit (2)

عزيزي ولي أمر الطالب،

في نهاية هذه البطاقة يتمكن الطالب من استخدام المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن تغيرات تحدث الآن.

### Structure Present continuous tense

زمن المضارع المستمر

نستخدم هذا الزمن للدلالة على أحداث أو تغييرات تحدث الآن . ويتكون هذا الفعل من

**am / is / are + v+ ing**

وهناك بعض الكلمات الدالة على هذا الزمن

**( now / at this moment / look / listen )**

#### Examples (أمثلة)

- They **are sleeping** now.
- She **is writing** at this moment.
- The number of English speakers **is increasing** all over the world.
- The world **is changing** very quickly.

## Now Test yourself

### 1. Correct the underlined words.

صوب ما تحته خط

1. My father **watch** TV now ( ----- )
2. Computers **is** becoming smaller. ( ----- )
3. The number of Russian speakers **are** falling. ( ----- )
4. Ali **was** getting better these days. ( ----- )
5. Sami is **get** taller. ( ----- )
6. I **learn** standard Arabic these days. ( ----- )

## 2. Complete with am, is or are.

أكمل الجمل من القائمة

1. We ..... learning English and Arabic.
2. The number of people in the world ..... growing.
3. I ..... listening to more and more songs in English.
4. My sister ..... growing up quickly!
5. More and more people ..... communicating in English every .



## Worksheet (4) Unit (2)

عزيزي ولي أمر الطالب

من أهداف هذه البطاقة /

- 1- ترتيب الكلمات أبجدياً .
- 2- ربط الجمل باستخدام روابط السبب والنتيجة .
- 3- استخدام كلمات الوحدة في جمل وتصنيفها الى فئاتها المناسبة .



## Writing

### 1. Put the words in alphabetical order. َ

رتب الكلمات ترتيباً أبجدياً

1. tail - talk - take

.....

2. bark - bag - back

.....

3. walk - wall - warning

.....

### 2. Use the words in brackets to join the sentences. استخدم الكلمات التي بين القوسين لربط الجمل.

1. The dog is barking. It's hungry. ( because )

.....

2. Whales are big and they can sing I think they're fantastic. ( so )

.....

# Vocabulary and structure

**3. Finish the following sentences with words from the list.** أكمل من القائمة

**afraid – common – maybe – rub – tail - warning**

1. The policeman is ..... the boys to stop.
2. Giraffes ..... necks to say 'You're my friend.'
3. Singing isn't ..... in the animal world.
4. A cat has a long .....
5. The baby is crying , ..... he is hungry.
6. I was ..... when I saw the lion.

**4 -Finish the following sentences with words from the list.** أكمل الجمل من القائمة

**billion - Holy Qur'an - leader Middle East - Russian - technology**

1. English is the language of .....
2. Arafat was a great Palestinian .....
3. Palestine is a small country in the .....
4. The people of Russia speak .....
5. Arabic is the language of.....
6. The number 1000 000 000 is one .....

**5. Circle the odd one out.**

استخرج الكلمة الشاذة

1. giraffes - elephants - cats - bees
2. bark - play - shout - cut
3. understand - think - mean - eat

**6- Classify the following words.**

صنف الكلمات التالية الى فئات

**English - China - businessman – Australia – India – artist - Arabic – Russian –  
scientist**

Countries ( دول )	Languages ( لغات )	Jobs ( مهن )

