

Worksheet (1)

Unit (16)

The Talking World

عزيزي الطالب ،

في نهاية هذه البطاقة ستكون قد :

1-تعلمت مجموعة من المفردات .

2-تدربت على استخدام عبارات تستخدم في مواقف الحياة اليومية .

عزيزي الطالب ،

مرحباً بك في الوحدة السادسة عشر و التي سنصحبك فيها لتعيش و تتجول في العالم .
كيف تستطيع أن تتواصل مع أصدقائك و أقاربك في الخارج ؟ هل سبق و أن أرسلت رسالة الكترونية لصديقك ؟ هل فكرت مسبقاً كيف كان أجدادنا القدماء يتواصلون ؟ ما هي طرق التواصل القديمة ؟ و الحديثة ؟ ناقش مع زميلك ؟

عزيزي الطالب ،

ادرس الكلمات التالية في القاموس و لاحظ المعنى باللغة العربية .



UNIT 16 The talking world

Word	Meaning
although	على الرغم من
camera	آلة تصوير
inside× outside	في الداخل
microphone	مكبر الصوت
mistake	خطأ
outside	في الخارج
video call	مكالمة فيديو
worry	يقلق

Word	Meaning
allow × prevent	يسمح
another	آخر
Keep	يحفظ
network	شبكة
receive× send	يستقبل
revolution	ثورة
satellite	قمر صناعي
Several	عدة / عدد من

عزيزي الطالب , اقرأ الأسئلة التالية جيدا .

استمع للنص ثلاث مرات ثم أجب على السؤال التالي .

Listening

1- Listen to the conversation carefully then answer the questions below :-

(A) True Or False :-

- 1- Samy makes a video call ()
- 2- Samy's father works in U.S.A ()
- 3- The weather is very nice outside ()

عزيزي الطالب , أنت مذهل . استمع للنص مرة أخرى ثم انتقل للتمرين التالي .

(B) Choose the correct answer :-

1-There is a terrible (accident – storm – party) outside.

2-Dad will come home back next (January – July – June) .

عزيزي التلميذ المجتهد , صل الجملة أ مع ما يناسبها من الجملة ب



Speaking

2- Match A with B

- | | | |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|
| 1- Sorry , I made a mistake | () | Mobile, phones and computers. |
| 2- How is your family? | () | So let's play videos game. |
| 3- Good examples of modern communications | () | Now I can hear you well |
| 4- Will you turn on the microphone please . | () | We are all well and you? |
| 5- It's raining heavily outside. | () | Don't worry, it's O.K. . |

عزيزي الطالب , بإمكانك الآن تطبيق ما تعلمته من كلمات و تعبيرات , أكمل الحوار التالي

عزيزي الطالب , يمكنك أن تتدرب على قراءة الحوار التالي مع زميلك

3-Complete the following dialogue:

Hani --easy - Of course – wrong – call – turned — connected – camera – speak –do -else

- Ali** : Can you help me
- Hani** :, what's Ali?
- Ali** : I want to make a video with my friend.
- Hani** : O.K. What did you?
- Ali** : Ion the computer
- Hani** : What?
- Ali** : And the internet.
- Hani** : Now look into the and into the microphone.
- Ali** : Thanks. That's so
- Hani** : You're welcome.

Worksheet (2)

Unit (16)

The Talking World

عزيزي الطالب ,

في نهاية هذه البطاقة ستكون قد تمكنت من :

قراءة النص و الاجابة عن جميع الأسئلة .

Reading



4. Read the following passage then answer the questions.

Palestinian people live all over the world. However, modern communications allow us to keep in contact. A hundred and fifty years ago, there were no phones and no email. It took weeks to send a letter to another country. And then it took several weeks to receive an answer.

The telephone changed that. The mobile phone allowed a second revolution in communications. Millions of people are now on the world's telephone network. With a modern mobile phone **they** can talk, send text messages, send or receive emails or use the Internet. However, the mobile phone network does not work at the top of mountains or out at sea. Sometimes it won't work outside of towns and cities. Satellite phones use satellites in outer space so they will work anywhere. Video calls bring people's faces into our home. These use the Internet so all we need to do is put a small camera and a microphone on a computer.

(A) Read and mark the sentences true (✓) or false.(✗)

1. Modern communications allow us to keep in contact all the time ()
2. A hundred and fifty years ago, there were phones and email ()
3. The mobile phone network works at the top of mountains or out at sea. ()

(B) Choose the correct answer:-

a. Mobiles, phones and satellites make communication

A - slower B - faster C - difficult

b. We use phones to with people.

A - read B - communicate C - write

c. Sending letters took several

A - weeks B - months C - years



(C) Answer the following questions :

1. Are modern communications important?

.....

2. Why do people make video calls?

.....?

(D) The underlined pronoun (**they**) refers to :

(E) The best title for this passage is :

لقد كنت مذهلا

نصيحة هامة :

عزيزي التلميذ الذكي , لقد قمت بعمل رائع ,

لنتمكن من حل التمرين التالي بكفاءة عالية , انصحك بمراجعة كلمات هذه الوحدة من القاموس السابق.

(F) Read again and find the following in the text.

Word		Opposite
die	×
ancient	×
stop	×
gave	×
question	×
bottom	×
ask	×
receive	×
inside	×
big	×

Word		Meaning
let	=
in touch	=
reply	=
recent	=
speak	=
house	=
message	=
human beings	=
communicate	=
new	=



Worksheet (3)

Unit (16)

The Talking World

عزيزي التلميذ المجتهد ,

في نهاية هذه الوحدة ستكون قد تمكنت من :

1-استخدام المهارات الخاصة بالقاموس , مثل استخدام علامات الترقيم .

2-مراجعة الكلمات الخاصة بهذه الوحدة .

Writing



5-- Re-arrange the following sentences:-

- a. **Have** _ you _ a new _ mobile _ bought ?
..... ?
- b. can _ phones _ work_ **Satellite** _ mountains _ the _ at .
.....

6- Punctuate the following sentences:-

- a. the telephone was invented by graham bell
.....
- b. have you got nokia mobile or samsong mobile
.....

عزيزي الطالب ,
اقرأ الكلمات التالية جيدا , ثم حدد الكلمة الشاذة و يمكنك مناقشة اجابتك مع زميلك .

7- Circle the odd one out.

- | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--------------|---|-----------|---|---------|
| 1. satellite phone | - | mobile phone | - | telephone | - | plane |
| 2. camera | - | microphone | - | screen | - | food |
| 3. although | - | so | - | sunny | - | because |
| 4. email | - | message | - | book | - | letter |
| 5. will | - | must | - | have to | - | has to |

اقرأ الكلمات التالية و راجع المعنى مع زميلك .

اختر الكلمة المناسبة , ثم أكمل الجملة لتكون جملاً ذات معنى .

8-Finish the following sentences with one of the words in the list.

microphone -although – camera – inside - outside – mistake – video call -worry

1. I can't hear you! Will you turn on the please.
2. I made a..... I called a wrong number.
3. There is no need toabout me ,I am fine.
4. It's very coldbut I am warm the house .
5. I can't sleep,..... I am very tired and sleepy.
6. I usually make a..... to speak to my friends.

أحسننت أنت مذهل ,

تابع التمرين التالي .

9-Vocabulary and structureFinish the following sentences with words from the list:

another– receive – allows – revolution - keep – network – several – satellite

1. Mum us to play some computer games in the evening .
2. The internet is aof computers all over the world.
3. There are questions for me to answer .
4. I use my mobile phone to send and messages and emails ..
5. People put food in the fridge to it fresh .
6. Can you give mepen , this one isn't working..
7. Al Boraq happened in Palestine in 1929.
8. Many go around the earth.



Worksheet (4)

Unit (16)

The Talking World

عزيزي الطالب ,

في نهاية هذه البطاقة ستكون قد :

- 1-تدربت على استخدام **must / have to** للحديث عن قواعد و أمور هامة من الضروري فعلها.
- 2-تدربت على استخدام **so , because , although** لربط الجمل .

Structure :Expressing obligation

have to / must = have to = has to

يتم استخدام **have to / must** للحديث عن قواعد , قوانين أو أمور من الضروري فعلها

مثال :

- I **must** (have to) do my homework every day .
 - They / You / We **must** (have to) come to school early .
 - She / He **must** (has to) study hard for the exams.
- حينما نتحدث عن أشياء ليس من الضروري فعلها نستخدم (**don't have / doesn't have to**)
وكلاهما مضاد **have to**

have to × **don't have / doesn't have to**

I / They / We / You **don't have to** go now it's still early.

She / He **doesn't have to** go now it's still early.

عزيزي التلميذ ,بعد أن قرأت الأمثلة و درست القاعدة

اختبر نفسك و تدرب على حل هذه التدريبات التالية .

11- Choose the correct answer.

1. You (doesn't have to – don't have to – must) run . It's still early.
2. I (must – don't have – has to) wash my hands before I eat.
3. We must (keep – keeping – to keep) our school clean.
4. The classroom is already clean. We (must – mustn't – don't have to) clean it.
5. We (must – mustn't – don't have to) come to school early.
6. Sara (have to – has to – don't have to) see the doctor , she is very ill .
7. His marks are bad, he (have to – doesn't have to – has to) to study hard.
8. Rawan has a lot of new clothes ,she (has to – must – doesn't have to) buy new ones .
9. The car is clean ,the boys (have to – must – don't have to) clean it.
10. It's sunny today so Khalid (don't have to – doesn't have to – must) wear heavy clothes .

أحسنّت و لأنك تلميذ ذكي انتقل للقاعدة التالية

أدوات الربط **although – because – so**

نستخدم **because** لتوضيح السبب Tamara gets high marks because she works hard . .

نستخدم **so** لتوضيح النتيجة marks Tamara works hard , so she always gets high .

نستخدم **although** لإضافة فكرة ثانية تجعل الفكرة الأولى مفاجئة

Although Kareem was very ill , he went to school .

Kareem went to school although he was very ill .

ملاحظة : يمكننا استخدام **although** في بداية الجملة أو في المنتصف .

عزيزي التلميذ المجتهد .

أكمل الجمل التالية باستخدام **because , although , so**

11-Complete by using (although – because – so).

1. Rana was tired, she couldn't sleep.
2. I couldn't receive emails my computer is working.
3. Could I use your pen I lost my pen .
4. Gamila sleeps early she get up early in the morning .
5. Kamel works very hard he is very old.
6. Mum made a lot of cakes and sweets we have a birthday party .
7. I got full marks Dad bought me a gift

عزيزي التلميذ , أجب كما هو مطلوب بين القوسين .

12.Do as shown between brackets.

- 1- It's raining outside because I need an umbrella. (Correct the mistake)

.....

- 2- We don't go to school in Fridays . (Correct the mistake) (-----)

- 3- I go to school on foot .(Make a question)

.....

- 4- five o'clock - January - 1998

..... Monday - May 29th(use at / in / on) .

- 5- You are 13 years old ,you don't have to pray. (correct the mistake)

- 6- Zaina gets up at 6:00 in the morning . (make a question)

.....