

UNIT 10

Back home in Palestine

- عزيزي الطالب / في نهاية هذه الوحدة يُتوقع منك أن:
- توظف المفردات الجديدة في جمل من تعبيرك.
 - تميز بين شبه الجملة التي تبدأ بـ **in** و شبه الجملة التي تبدأ بـ **with**
 - تستخدم الضمائر (**Who , Which , that**) للربط بين الجمل.

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
backpack	حقيبة ظهر	area = region	منطقة
beard	لحية	construct = set up	يبني
centre	مركز	crop	محصول
curly	مجعد	deep × shallow	عميق
glasses	نظارات	hotel	فندق
moustache	شارب	human being = person	إنسان
Side	جانب	tower	برج
straight	مستوي - -ناعم مستقيم	various = different	مختلف
wife	زوجة	tour	جولة سياحية

That's wonderful

و الآن لنقم بحل التمارين الآتية: **Now, it is time to practise:**



Listening

تذكر: عليك الاستماع جيداً لتتمكن من الإجابة بشكل صحيح

1- Listen to the conversation carefully then answer the questions below :-

(A) True Or False :-

1. Ahmed has emailed Omar a photo. ()
2. The photo is very nice ()
3. The photo is for dad and his friends. ()

(B) Choose the correct answer :-

1. Omar received a (class – family – friends) photo .
2. The picnic was near..... (Nablus – Jericho – Gaza)

Speaking



1- Match A with B

1. Who's the boy with short straight hair? () He produces fruit and vegetables!
2. Jericho and the Dead Sea are () Oh , thousands of them
3. Let's go swimming in the lake. () Well, only if the water isn't very deep.
4. How many visitors come to Jerusalem every year? () The lowest place on the earth
5. Fayez is a good farmer in Jabalia. () That's Ayman and he is my brother.

2- Complete the conversation with useful phrases.

visit- great- Where - Dead Sea— what – who – summer – family – Jericho

- Tamara** : Where would you like to go in the holiday?
Marah : I'd like to go to
Tamara : will you go with?
Marah : With my
Tamara : will you do there?
Marah : We will go to swim in the.....
Tamara : will you go else?
Marah : We will..... Hisham Palace
Tamara : I'm sure it will be aholiday.



Reading

Now dear student read the passage carefully to answer the questions:

و الآن عزيزي الطالب اقرأ القطعة التالية جيداً لتستطيع الإجابة عن الأسئلة

4. Read the following passage then answer the questions.

Jericho is a small city which stands in a deep valley between Jerusalem and Amman, near the Dead Sea. **This** is a famous salt lake that is 400 metres below sea level and is the lowest place on Earth. Jericho is most popular with tourists in the warm winter months. There are hotels for these visitors and a lot of the people who live there work important in this area. With large quantities of water and a warm climate, this part of Palestine is an excellent place to grow bananas and various other fruit and vegetable, crops – including, of course, dates from all the palms With its water and warm climate, human beings first started visiting the area 12,000 years ago. There were many people who chose to remain, and they became some of the world's first farmers. These were also the people that 500 years later constructed the first city in the world. Later, it had a high tower and stone walls which were almost four metres high. Tourists love seeing those walls today. They are a window on our most ancient past.

(A) Read and mark the sentences true (✓) or false.(✗)

1. Jericho is a small city which stands in a deep valley. ()
2. The Dead Sea is a famous salt lake that is 400 metres below sea level. ()
3. Jericho is famous for olives trees and apples. ()
4. The world's first farmers lived in Gaza ()
5. Jericho is very cold in winter months. ()

(B) Read again and find the following in the text.

Word		Opposite
Highest	×
Cool	×
Big	×
Die	×
Shallow	×
Unknown	×
Hate	×
Finished	×
Modern	×
Last	×
Present	×

Word		Meaning
famous	=
wonderful	=
plant	=
different	=
huge	=
basic	=
old	=
people	=
stay	=
too	=
built	=

(C) The underlined word (**this**) refers to :

(D) The best title for this passage is :

Writing



Now dear student it is time to write correct sentences and paragraphs:

و الآن عزيزي الطالب عليك التدرّب على كتابة الجمل و الفقرات بالشكل الصحيح

1. Answer the following questions.

1. Have you ever been to Jericho?

.....

2. Do you have longhair?

.....

3- Does your father have a moustache?

.....

2. Use the information in the box to write a letter to your pen friend about a photo of your friends.



Ahmed on the right **Tamara** with glasses **Osman** on the left
Lamis next to Osman **Lubna** with a hat **Malak** with short straight hair

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Thank You

Vocabulary and structures

Now dear student read the words and put them in their correct places:

و الآن هيا بنا نقرأ الكلمات لنضعها في مكانها المناسب.

7. finish the following sentences with one of the words in the list.

moustache - curly - centre - glasses - side - straight - wife - backpack- beard

1. Let's swim to the other of the lake .
2. Roba used to have long hair but now she made it!
3. Palestine Street is theof Gaza city .
4. Hazem's is Russian, but she could speak Arabic well .
5. I can't see well so I have to put on
6. I will put all thing for the picnic in this big
7. Osman has grown up he has a and a small.....

8. Finishthe following sentences with one of the words in the list.

area - construct - crops – deep – hotel - human being - tower – various

1. A valley is an between two mountains.
2. Farmers in Palestine grow many..... like fruit and vegetables
3. Swimming in the Dead Sea is not dangerous because it isn't
4. All need peace and love to live happily .
5. Tourists usually stay in
6. Khalifa in Dubai is the highest building in the world . .
7. Palestine exportscrops like olives, strawberry and flowers.
8. It's very important to cities in the desert .

9. Circle the odd one out.

- | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|-----------|
| 1. desert | - | mountains | - | valleys | - | towers |
| 2. build | - | construct | - | destroy | - | develop |
| 3. artist | - | happiest | - | guitarist | - | scientist |
| 4. include | - | contain | - | damage | - | consist |
| 5. teacher | - | actor | - | cooker | - | Worker |

Now dear student let's study the rules included in this unit:

و الآن عزيزي الطالب دعنا ندرس معاً القواعد الواردة في هذه الوحدة

phrases (in/ with)

SB page 23

الكتاب المدرسي صفحة 23

Remember : (phrases) شبه الجملة

Near Jericho – next to her – on the left – on the right

in a red jacket - with glasses – with black hair

❖ Phrases which start with words like **near** say where something or someone is.

شبه الجملة التي تبدأ بكلمات مثل **near** تخبرنا عن مكان شيء ما أو شخص ما

مثال : next to Sara – on the left – on the right - -near Gaza. at the front

❖ If the first word is **in**, the phrase is often about a person's clothes.

شبه الجملة التي تبدأ بكلمات مثل **in** تخبرنا عن ملابس الشخص .

مثال : in a black dress – in a green shirt - in a long brown coat

❖ If the first word is **with** the phrase is often about things that a person has - glasses – a beard – a moustache - hair – a backpack

شبه الجملة التي تبدأ بكلمات مثل **with** تخبرنا أشياء لدى الشخص مثل النظارات و الشارب واللحية والشعر

with glasses – with a beard - with a pack back - with green eyes

10. Correct the mistake :

1. The man (with – in – on) short grey hair is my father.
2. Look at that beautiful girl (with – on – in) red dress.
3. I love camping (up – over – under) in the hills.
4. The boy(up– in –with) a sandwich in his hand is my little brother.
5. Men (of – in – on)Black is a very beautiful famous film.
6. It's too hot. Let's sit (in – under – on) the tree.
7. That woman (in – on –with)glasses is my best teacher.
8. The girl who is (next to – up – in) Abeer is very polite
9. Rafah is (in–under – near)Khan Younis.
- 10.The hospital is (on – at – in) your right near the mosque.

who / which / that

الكتاب المدرسي صفحة 35 SB page 35

- ❖ We use(**who – which – that**) to join the clauses and add information about the subject noun .

نستخدم ضمائر الصلة (**who – which – that**) :-

لنصل جملتين معا وكذلك لإضافة معلومات عن الفاعل الذي نتحدث عنه

- ❖ When this focus is a thing the joining word may be **which or that** .

عندما نتحدث عن غير العاقل وهذا يشمل جماد وحيوان نستخدم which / that لربط الجمل .

Jericho is a small city which stands in a deep valley

Jericho is a small city that stands in a deep valley

- ❖ When this focus is a person or people , the joining word may be who or that .

عندما نتحدث عن العاقل وهذا يشمل الأشخاص والناس نستخدم that who

10- Complete the table .:

Noun thing	Noun person	Noun person	Noun activity
tour	farmer
art	singer
science	diver
farm	swimmer
work	trainer
camp	baker

11. Choose the correct answer.

1. The teacher (which – who – what) teaches us Arabic is really wonderful..
2. The family like the cake (who – which – where) mum made yesterday.
3. I saw the driver (who – which – where) hit the boy and escaped.
4. The smoke (which – who – what) out of cars is very dangerous.
5. The junk food (where – that - when) sold in the streets is very unhealthy.
6. I still remember the stories (where – that - when) I read when I was young.
7. That woman (where – that - when) in dark blue dress is my aunt.
8. The people (what – which – that) live next to us are very friendly.

12- Change from nouns to pronouns when you can .:

1. Nuha and I are very good friends, **Nuha and I** both love English. (.....)
2. Tamara **helps** mum at home, **Tamara** is a good girl . (.....)
3. I love children, **children** are so beautiful. . (.....)
4. Students like summer because we have along holiday in **summer**. (.....)
5. Kids like to watch Tom and Terry ,**Tom and Terry** are very funny (.....)
6. Parents look after their children, **Parents** are caring persons.. (.....)
7. I listen to my teachers and I always respect **my teachers**. (.....)
8. I always advise Ehab to be polite and I ask **Ehab** to study hard. (.....)

Bravo